7: Integrated Urban Water Management

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TAHS - WMO - UNESCO Working Group

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- Project 7.1: Non-structural flood control measure to balance riskcost-benefit in flood control management in urban areas
 - "Guidelines on Non-Structural Measures in Urban Flood Management"
 - "Public Participation in the Design of Local Strategies for Flood Mitigation and Control"
- Project 7.2: Surface and Ground Water Management in Urban Environment
 - "Water, The City and Urban Planning, Symposium" (Paris, 10-11 April 97)
- Project 7.3: Integrated Urban Drainage Modelling in Different Climates; tropical, arid and semi-arid
 - "Vol. I: Urban Drainage in Humid Tropics"
 - "Vol. II: Urban Drainage in Cold Climates"
 - "Vol. III: Urban Drainage in Arid and Semi-Arid Climates"
- "International Symposium Frontiers in Urban Water Management": Deadlock or Hope?" (Marseille, 18-20 June 01)
- <u>"Frontiers in Urban Water Management: Deadlock or Hope"</u>

Project 7.3: Urban Drainage in Specific Climates

Vol. I: Urban Drainage in Humid Tropics



- Very good scientific review of traditional methods and techniques used in urban drainage design
- An issue particular to developing countries
 - Lack of information, guidelines, regulations, law enforcements.
 - Lack of funds, poor management.
 - Using practices from developed countries.
 - Lack of awareness and education as to the benefits of alternative drainage systems.
 - Lack of hydrologic data.
 - Rapid changes in this region of the world occur thus data requires constant updating.
 - Lack of public participation.

Project 7.3: Urban Drainage in Specific Climates

Vol. II: Urban Drainage in Cold Climates



- Very good scientific review of traditional and innovative methods and techniques used in urban drainage design
 - Little to review because little research has been done in this area.
 - Misuse of methods intended for warm climatic conditions.
 - "There is a need for appropriate urban hydrological data and a careful calibration of these models catering to winter conditions".

Project 7.3: Urban Drainage in Specific Climates

Vol. III: Urban Drainage in Arid and Semi-Arid Climates

- Again, very good scientific review
 - Big issue is soil erosion
 - Reduced vegetation, soil type, characteristics of rainfall
- Misapplication of methods from non-arid region.
- "Requires sophisticated sampling because of the random nature of stormwater runoff, and short duration and rapid rise of hydro/hyeto graphs";
- "Monitoring of stormwater quality is essential".



Other Monographs....

- Title: "Guidelines on non-structural measures in urban flood management"
 - Thorough
- Title: "Public Participation in the Design of Local Strategies for Flood Mitigation and Control"
 - Very good value in the fact that it exists!
 - Authors note that a major challenge facing today's water professionals is the need to <u>communicate</u>
 <u>effectively with the public</u> many engineers have failed to appreciate this latter challenge.

From Dr. Maksimovic's Presentation



"The urban water community of water professionals, decision makers and end users, could only benefit both by being provided with <u>up to date knowledge</u> and [the] art of "<u>integrated urban water</u> management"

"Frontiers in Urban Water Management Deadlock or Hope?",

Ed. by C. Maksimovic and A. Tejada-Guibert.

- It's a Wonderful Book!
- The **Realistic** look at integrated water management.
- Excellent coverage of technical issues.
- Covers scientific impacts to hydrological cycle.
- Considers developing countries.
- Helps point to some future directions.
- Staple for all current practicing engineers and primer for graduate students in field.



From Chapter 3

- "The entities involved in planning, development and running modern urban water systemsare increasingly relying on strong informatic support in order to be reliable, efficient and financially viable..."
- "Surprisingly, almost all water supply systems <u>lack enough reliable information</u> to solve even the basic water balance equation."
- "That the systems of the future, should <u>include</u> methods for securing high quality data".

More Defining Statements



- Chapter 4: mentions how there should be "a <u>close liason between different</u> <u>departments in cities</u>, including exchanges with those responsible in areas outside cities should be encouraged".
- Chapter 5: <u>Need to improve the</u> <u>availability of information</u>....
- Chapter 8: "Challenges will only be effectively tackled is if there is <u>serious</u> <u>and active involvement of the</u> <u>stakeholders</u>".



Chapter 9

"Adapative management, that is, proceeding with solutions along the envisaged optimal path, while collecting additional data and monitoring the system performance and making further adjustments as required, has a better chance of success. This requires much better coordination and open communication channels between the relevant players."

From Dr. Maksimovic's Presentation



The first step to integrated management is to <u>identify</u> <u>barriers</u> and to search for means of improving coordination".

Steps to Successful Integrated **Urban Watershed Management**



"Successful implementation of an integrated watershed management plan involves developing a plan of action that begins with the definition of the problem, objectives and goals, and eventually leading to solutions and management measures." (Chapter 2: "Urban water as a part of integrated catchment management" by

J. Marsalek, Q. Rochfort and D. Savic.)



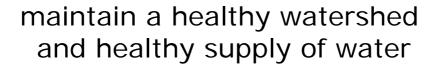
Local Problem

- Integrated Water Resources Management for Elbow River Watershed in Southern Alberta (main source of water for the City of Calgary and receiver of urban storm/waste water).
- Developed country with semi-arid and cold-climate urban drainage problems.
- Conducted "Barrier Analysis".

maintain a healthy watershed and healthy supply of water

maintain a healthy watershed and healthy supply of water

what do I need to achieve this?

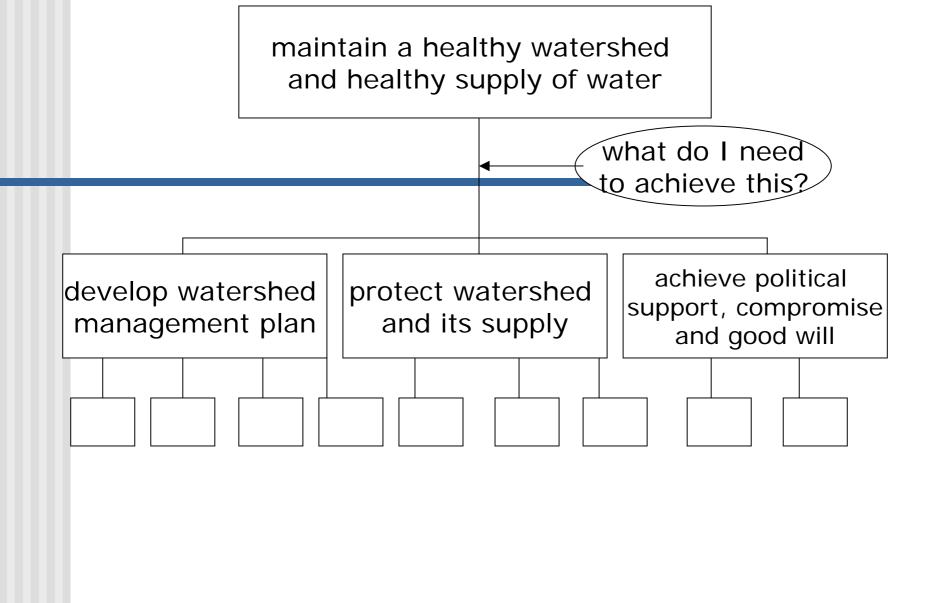


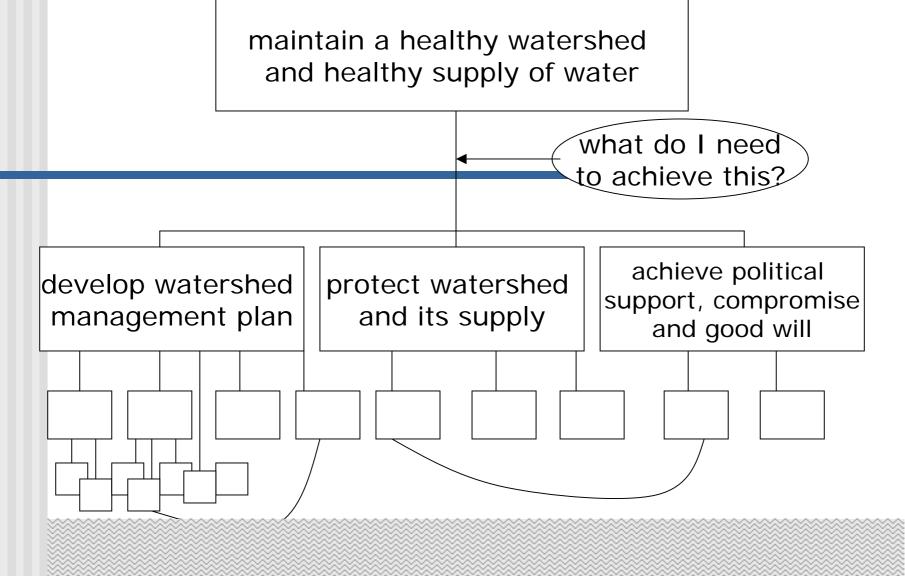
what do I need to achieve this?

develop watershed management plan

protect watershed and its supply

achieve political support, compromise and good will





The Monster – no less than 50 sub-elements

give a voice to all stakeholders and develop a common appreciation of water problems to the public

make data collection and monitoring easier

What Theme 7 Did Not Achieve



- Project 7.2: Surface and ground water management in urban environments:
 - Original objectives not well outlined
 - Little attention.
- Better and more concise directions to overcoming problems to progress field.
- How to get more and better quality data.
- Greater recognition/investigation into the role of technological tools (GIS) for urban modelling.
- Comprehensive review of computer urban stormwater models.
- Disemminate! MUST get 7.3 monographs and "Frontiers" text out to the world.